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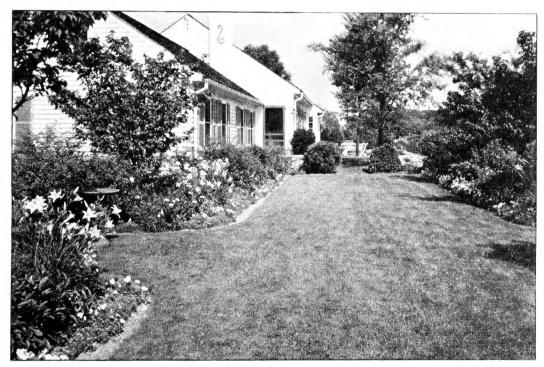
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Day lilies Hemerocallis

The King, the Queen and the Life of the Summer Garden « « from Spring to Fall



Such a fine figure of St. Francis, the Patron Saint of the Birds, deserves the finest setting, including Daylilies.



When even the summer annuals have succumbed to spring droughts and summer heat, Daylilies carry on as usual, year after year, with minimum attention and increasing effect.



Wherever there's a nook or pocket in the garden, plant a Daylily. The Stout Hybrids provide a wide range of size, color and season to select from.

How to Double Garden Bloom Without Increasing Space or Labor

Why a garden, if not for bloom? Bloom in abundance. Bloom from spring to fall.

And yet there are few gardens with more than an occasional "sprinkle" of hardy bloom from June to September because half of the garden months are subject to summer heat and drought.

Why be content with a summer doldrum?

You needn't be-at all. Daylilies are made for summer-all kinds of summer, from 70° to 110° above; all parts of summer, from spring to fall; all moods of summer, in a multitude of colors, from pale yellow to deep maroon.

Daylilies will actually keep the weeds away from wherever you plant them in the bed and border gaps which exist through every summer. They will demand less of your efforts than any other plant in your garden.

Turn to Daylilies for doubled garden enjoyment.

Five Months of Bloom

On the next page we present a list of Daylilies grouped by color and by season. It will be apparent at a glance that Daylilies supply a profusion and variety of bloom from May to October; practically year round for the

Fresh Cut-Flowers Daily

Daylilies, when cut, possess buds which will open on successive days for a week or more. The faded flowers can be removed in a few moments each morning.

North and East

No one who has observed a colony of the Europa Daylily, or "Roadside Lily," needs to be reminded concerning its vigor and hardiness. Colonies of Daylilies are being used to beautify the Pennsylvania Highway System and to check slope erosion.

In the West—"Temperature 111°"

These letters from the prairies tell the story: "The Ophir Daylilies purchased from you last fall started to bloom June 28 and ended July 24. Temperature was 111° on two days and over 100° nearly every day, with no rain."—S. A. Garretson, 3710 Orleans Are., Sioux City, Iowa.

"My Daylilies always do well regardless of our seasons which are very hot and dry out here."—L. F. VALENTINE, Clay Center, Kans.

Even Better in the South

From Florida, the Gulf States, and California now come more orders for our Daylilies in one week than were formerly received for our other plants in a whole year. In these sections Daylilies bloom two or three times

When and How to Plant

Daylilies are so vigorous that they can be shipped and planted safely whenever the ground is open. Spring shipping begins when the ground opens and continues throughout April and May; fall shipping extends from August to December. Plant at least 2 feet apart, anywhere except in heavy shade. Do not plant too deeply. Note "bleach" at throat of plant and plant to depth where foliage turns green. Keep well watered, if dry weather, until established.

Guarantee—Shipping Costs

Farr Plants are guaranteed to be true to name, and to arrive in a live, healthy condition. WE WILL REPLACE ANY PLANTS SUP-PLIED THIS FALL THAT FAIL TO SPROUT NEXT SPRING, if you think that we or the plants were at fault, provided the account is settled within regular 30-day terms and report of failure is made within the six-month period. The cost of planting or transportation of replacements is borne by the purchaser.

PRICES IN THIS LIST ARE F. O. B. WEISER PARK. PURCHASER PAYS TRANS-PORTATION AT COST.

The Story Behind the Stout Hybrids

Florist's Exchange, Feb. 15, 1941

"As is well known, Dr. A. B. Stout has, since 1912, devoted much time to the cross breeding of Daylilies (Hemerocallis). During this period some 70,000 seedlings have been raised. Since 1931, 28 of these hybrids and one new species, H. multiflora, have been released to the trade and gardens generally, through the Farr Nursery Co., that concern having, at the onset, undertaken to evaluate and propagate Dr. Stout's seedlings after they had passed his rigorous selection."

One of a Thousand

Less than one of each thousand Stout Hybrid Daylilies has been named and introduced. Hundreds of distinct seedlings, better than any existing named varieties, have been rejected. First-sight attractiveness counts for very little. The survivors must pass years of critical comparison and evaluation on such points as bloom durability, bloom carriage, extent of season, evening habit, self-cleaning qualities, foliage and hardiness.

Twenty New 1941 Introductions

A group of Twenty New Daylilies has just recently been selected and named by Dr. Stout and ourselves, following years of critical observation and evaluation. Some of these are now available in limited quantities at the standard introductory price of \$3 each. Here are fourteen of the "Twenty" which are available in limited quantities for shipment this fall. Complete descriptions appear on pages 2 and 3.

ALADDIN—an earlier Mikado type

AUTUMN PRINCE—latest so far and XXX

BARONET—first June red BICOLOR—first real bicolor

BRUNETTE—a June-July tan-red

BUCKEYE—a "bunch-flowered" earlier

CABALLERO—a darker bicolor

DOMINION—largest, royal, June-July red HIAWATHA—small, branched, golden orange

MONARCH—distinct July light yellow

SYMPHONY—first pastel blend

TRIUMPH—rich orange for July

YELDRIN—smaller late yellow ZOUAVE-almost bicolor red

Want to Listen In?

"The Daylilies I secured from you year before last have all done fine. What's more, they all proved true to name when checked with Dr. Stout's display in the New York Botanical Garden.

"When I started to grow Daylilies I found a lot of untrue stock on the market. At this time I heard of the Farr Nursery Co. SINCE THEN, I HAVE BEEN ABLE TO SECURE TRUE STOCK OF MANY MERITORIOUS VARIETIES AT VERY REASON-ABLE PRICES. Unnamed seedlings that have been discarded by Dr. Stout at the New York Botanical Garden are better than half of the named varieties listed in some catalogs."—O. HAROLD, 612 E. 42nd St., Brooklyn, N. Y.



MIKADO

Pale Yellow

SPRING

Flava. May, June; 3 ft. The old favorite "Lemon Lily." Extremely fragrant; clear lemon-yellow. 45 cts. each; 5 @ 35 cts. each.

Hyperion. Late July; 4 ft. Long trumpet, canary-yellow. 75 cts. each; 5 @ 60 cts. ea.

MONARCH. (Stout, 1941.) July; 3 ft. Much and firmly branched. Full, crisp, large, star-like light cadmium-yellow with delicate halo of fulvous in mid-zone. Remains open evenings. \$3 each.

Patricia. (Stout.) July, Aug.; 2½ ft. Second choice in ballot of 321 varieties. Rated 93.7 or .08 after Mikado. Pale yellow with tinge of lemon-chrome and throat of flower greenish; petals and sepals of uniform tone. Large, shapely, full, with pronounced fragrance. Resistant to hot sun and remains open evenings. \$2 each; 5 @ \$1.75 each.

AUTUMN PRINCE. (Stout, 1941.) Aug. to frost; 3½ ft. Medium small, clear light yellow on many and strong branches. Remains open evenings. \$3 each.

Yellow

SPRING

Gold Dust. May, June; 2 ft. Neat, low and early. Blooms dark yellow, reversed bronze, medium sized. 45 cts. each; 5 @ 35 cts. ea.

SUMMER

Circe. (Stout.) July, Aug.; 4 ft. Erect, wellbranched. Full, medium-sized, recurved, clear yellow flowers which remain open

evenings. \$2 each; 5 @ \$1.75 each. Sir Michael Foster. July; 4 ft. Longthroated; clear apricot-yellow. 75 cts. each;

5 @ 60 cts. each.

Soudan. (Stout.) July, Aug.; 3 ft. Medium-large, broad, full, "crepey" and recurved, bright yellow flowers which remain open evenings. \$1 each; 5 @ 80 cts. each.

Golden Yellow

SUMMER

D. D. Wyman. July, Aug.; 3 ft. Extralarge; golden yellow with a tawny splash on petals. 75 cts. each; 5 @ 60 cts. each.

Florham. July, Aug.; 3 ft. Golden yellow. 45 cts. each; 5 @ 35 cts. each.

Ophir. (Farr.) Early July to mid-Aug.; 4½ ft. Large, waxy, golden yellow, 5 in. across, 6 in. long, on strong stems. One stem usually carries 25 or more successively opening and firm-textured flowers. Long bloom season. Inside of bloom a reflected haze of deep gold. Award of Merit, R. H. S., England. \$1 each; 5 @ 80 cts. each.

Royal. July; 31/2 ft. Golden yellow. 75 cts. each; 5 @ 60 cts. each.



RAJAH

SELECT LIST OF HYBRID DAYLILIES

This list includes only varieties which are grown in our nursery of 128 acres, including five acres of Daylilies.

These varieties have been critically selected as the best varieties from ours and Dr. Stout's large collection of, and acquaintance with, old and new named Daylilies. No one can go wrong in obtaining every one of the Daylily varieties included in this list before trying any others. We have discarded at least 30 once-popular named but now outmoded varieties during the past two years; scores during previous years.

All orders are filled with strong field-grown plants which are returnable at our expense if they do not please you when received. They are also guaranteed to grow and to be true to name.

KEY. Months, following names, indicate bloom season at Weiser Park, allowing about 30 days to a variety.

Numerals, following months of bloom, indicate height.

When reference to evening bloom is omitted, our records are not complete or else the variety closes by sundown.

Variations occur according to soil, climate, weather, and age of plants but the relative sequence and proportions apply generally.

Varieties in CAPITALS are 1941 introductions.



BAGDAD

AUGUST PIONEER

Orange

SPRING

Tangerine. May, June; 20 in. Semi-dwarf and early. Bunch-flowered; clear, deep orange with plump buds tinged red. Award of Merit, R. H. S. 75 cts. each; 5 @ 60 cts. each.

EARLY SUMMER

Goldeni. June, July; 3 ft. Deep golden orange. 50 cts. each; 5 @ 40 cts. each.

HIAWATHA. (Stout, 1941.) June, July; 3½ ft. Numerous medium-small, golden orange blooms on branching, upstanding scapes. Like H. multiflora but taller, larger, and earlier. Remains open evenings. \$3 each.

Summer Multiflora Hybrids. (Stout.) June to late Aug.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Extremely long bloom season. Numerous, small, clear orange flowers on heavily branched scapes. \$1 each; 5 @ 80 cts. each.

"I Visited Duke University Gardens"

"The outstanding beauty was gorgeous yellow lilies. I had never seen such before; I set out to find the name. After several weeks I got a return card from the gardener at Duke, giving me your address. I especially want Mikado, Summer Multiflora Hybrids and August Pioneer,"—Mrs. O. W HINES, McLeansville, N. C.

SUMMER

Midas. (Stout.) July; 3½ ft. Medium large, full and well spread, clear glowing orange. Very tall, strong and erect scapes; excellent for background. \$1.50 each.

Sirius. July; 3 ft. Wide and funnel shaped; rich orange with a faint eye zone. Petals charmingly crinkled and margins wavy. \$1 each; 5 @ 80 cts. each.

TRIUMPH. (Stout, 1941.) July; $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Special and individual form. Petals broad, strongly recurved; sepals semi-erect. Large rich orange with a slight fulvous halo in mid-zone. \$3 each.

Vesta. (Stout.) July, Aug.; 21/2 ft. Semidwarf; deep orange with a glistening gold sheen. \$1.50 each.

YELDRIN. (Stout, 1941.) July, Aug.; 3½ ft. Small but full; very uniformly yellowish orange; buds and backs of the sepals are noticeably brown-red. Much branched. Remains open evenings. \$3 each.

Hemerocallis multiflora. (Stout.) Aug. to Oct.; 2 ft. A superb finale to the Daylily season, usually continuing beyond first frosts at Weiser Park. The scapes are upstanding and much branched. Flowers clear orange and smallest of the Daylily species. Grassy foliage. \$2 each.

Pastel and Patterned

SUMMER

Bagdad. (Stout.) July; 31/2 ft. A combination of rich colors—clear orange throat, with outer petals coppery red over orange veins and mid-zone madder-brown; sepals uniform color; full and wide open. \$1 each; 5 @ 80 cts. each.

Bijou. (Stout.) July, Aug.; 2½ ft. Semidwarf plants and bloom profuse, cupped, full, and spread on many branches; groundcolor orange, overcast rich fulvous-red, with darker mid-zone. \$2 each.

"By the way, you may be interested to know that the first blooming scape that I had on the variety Bijou had 75 buds exactly, and bloomed over a correspondingly long period. In later seasons, the most I have been able to count has been about 65."—ARVISTA GARDENS, Battle Creek, Mich.

Cinnabar. (Stout.) Early July into Aug.; 2½ ft. Extra-long and profuse bloom season. Orange base sprinkled cinnamon and strongly gold-glistening. Medium-large, with recurving petals and sepals. \$1 each; 5 @ 80 cts. each.

Europa. July; 4 ft. The Roadside Daylily. 35 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts. each.

Serenade. (Stout.) June, July; 4 ft. Very light pastel shades of yellow and pink in pleasing harmony. Petals twisted and crinkled, with faint halo. Medium large, on tall, slender, stiff stems. \$2 each.

SYMPHONY. (Stout, 1941.) June, July; 3½ ft. A delicate blend of pastel tones sepals toned yellow; petals rose with mid-band of darker red. Flowers open in the evening and remain in excellent condition until after the new set opens the following day. Similar to Linda but taller and earlier. \$3 each.

LATE SUMMER

"Fulva" Clone Maculata. Maculata Daylily. July, Aug.; 3 ft. Very large, bold, outcurving, coppery orange blooms, shaded crimson. 75 cts. each; 5 @ 60 cts. each.

Kwanso fl.-pl. July, Aug.; 3½ ft. Large, double, coppery orange flower, shaded crimson, on heavy stems. 35 cts. each; 5 @ 25 cts. each.

August Pioneer. (Stout.) Mid-Aug. to Oct.; 3 ft. Medium size, lavishly set on slender, strong, well-branched scapes. Color, chrome-orange with outer half of petals delicately flushed red. \$1.50 each.

"Please send me one each of August Pioneer and Boutonniere. I saw them in Mr. Richard Stubbs' garden last week and they are lovely. He got his from you this spring."—Mrs. Charles S. Howard, 4200 Greenwood Drive, Des Moines, Iowa.



BOUTONNIERE

Boutonniere. (Stout.) Aug., Sept.; 3 ft. Decidedly small flower, as the name implies, with wide-open, overlapping, and recurving petals; sepals almost clear yellow but petals are light rosy peach with trace of mid-stripe; general effect somewhat bicolor. Similar to Bijou but lighter, smaller and later. Grassy foliage. \$2 ea.; 5 @ \$1.75 ea.

Eyed and Bicolor

EARLY SUMMER

BUCKEYE. (Stout, 1941.) June; 2½ ft. Resembles Mikado but earlier. The flowers are clustered into a somewhat compact group at nearly the same level. Stays open evenings. \$3 each.

Mikado. (Stout.) June to Aug.; 3 ft. Mikado has placed first three times and second once in the four annual polls of Hemerocallis specialists, including 321 varieties of Daylilies. Flowers of striking color; the large spot of mahogany-red in each petal contrasts sharply with the rich orange of the rest of the flower. Many and spreading branches. Tends to bloom again during September. \$1 each; 5 @ 60 cts. each.

SUMMER

ALADDIN. (Stout, 1941.) June; 3½ ft. Strongly banded but different in tones from both Mikado and Buckeye. Flowers somewhat clustered. Broad mid-zone of garnetbrown in petals; lesser in sepals; outer half golden cadmium with tinges of red-fulvous. \$3 each.

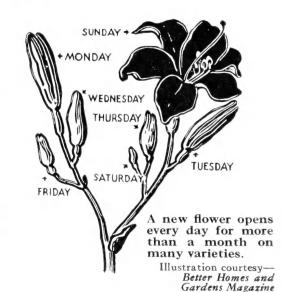
Dauntless. (Stout.) July, Aug.; 3 ft. Pale yellowish orange with pastel blended midzone; large, wide and overlapping petals. Has all the choice qualities of Patricia. \$2 each; 5 @ \$1.75 each.

CABALLERO. (Stout, 1941.) July, Aug.; 4 ft. A bicolor. Petals vermilion-red; throat and sepals golden yellow; mediumlarge and recurving. Darker and differently shaped than Bicolor. First named Harlequin but later discovered this name already used for another Daylily. \$3 each.

Linda. (Stout.) July, Aug.; 2½ ft. Large flower with crinkled petals based golden yellow with cinnamon fleck and red eye in sharp contrast to the bright and clear yellow sepals; practically a bicolor with pastel shaded eye-zone. \$2 each; 5 @ \$1.75 each.

LATE SUMMER

BICOLOR. (Stout, 1941.) July, Aug.; 31/2 ft. Sepals, throat, and stripe along the midrib of each petal are yellowish orange; petals, except throat and stripe, are pale fulvous red, tinged rose; full, with rounded petals. Remains open evenings and new set opens before the old set closes. \$3 each.





THE DAYLILY ROOT

"Packed with power and endurance;" thrives through generations of hot spells, cold spells, dry spells; surmounts neglect; liberally rewards attention.

Red Tones

EARLY SUMMER

BARONET. (Stout, 1941.) June; 2 ft. Flower full, sharply contrasted two-toned, sprightly fulvous red; petals wide, semirounded, and recurving. The muchbranched scapes are scarcely taller than the foliage. Remains open evenings. New and old sets overlap. \$3 each.

BRUNETTE. (Stout, 1941.) June, July; 2½ ft. Semi-dwarf and the first early darktoned type. Throat yellowish orange; large mid-zone near madder-brown; outside a lighter shade of tan-red. Hence a concentric and three-toned pattern. Medium small, medium full, and widely open. Much branched. \$3 each.

DOMINION. (Stout, 1941.) June, July; 3½ ft. Extra-Jarge, full flowers with rich red colorings in a concentric three-toned pattern. Second period of irregular bloom from mid-August until November. Strong, bold, royal. Remains open evenings. \$3 each.

ZOUAVE. (Stout, 1941.) June; 3½ ft. Near to a red bicolor. Petals rich fulvous red with darker mid-zone; sepals lighter. Medium sized and much branched. Usually repeats in September. Remains open evenings. \$3 each.

SUMMER

Chengtu. (Stout.) July to late Aug.; 3 ft. Sprightly, brilliant, coppery orange-red, with a deeper velvety carmine mid-zone; spread 4½ inches, pleasingly recurved. \$1.50 each.

Rajah. (Stout.) July to late Aug.; $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Large, gaily colored English-red blooms with conspicuous garnet-brown eye-zone; throat pale orange, with greenish tinged blades traversed by darker-colored veins. Scapes heavy branched, bearing as many as 20 flowers. \$2 each; 5 @ \$1.75 each.

"My Daylily Rajah stands up, without fading, under this summer's hot sun—and it has been hot. I've had the second blooming period on several and now the third crop of buds is coming. Not a day since March 18 have I been without blossoms."—Mrs. B. V. Collany, 7930-7960 Clearview Ave., St. Petersburg, Fla.

SACHEM. (Stout, 1941.) July; 3½ ft. Medium large and full; dark red, near carmine; yellowish orange throat in sharp contrast, forming a concentric two-toned pattern. Holds color and form exceptionally well throughout the day and in hot weather. \$3 each.

Theron. (Stout.) July; 2½ ft. Large, fairly full, spreading; dark mahogany-red; throat dark red outside, orange inside, producing a striking purple and gold effect in the open flower. "Takes July heat without a murmur." Since mentioned in Dr. Stout's Daylily book, 1934, the demand for this variety has exceeded the supply and has prevented catalog listing until now. \$3 each.

"Theron has bloomed and was indescribably beautiful. Your description does not do it justice. On clear days there were red tones in it that beggared description."—Mrs. H. E. Carter, Tallabassee, Fla.

DAYLILY COLLECTIONS

The following collections are presented for convenient and economical ordering. Each collection represents a saving of at least 10 per cent and months of bloom for your garden.

tion represents a saving of at least to per cent a
PALE YELLOW COLLECTION Flava. May, June. \$0 45 Hyperion. July, Aug. 75 Patricia. July. 2 00
Autumn Prince. Aug., Oct
As a Collection, complete for \$5.50
YELLOW COLLECTION
Circe. July, Aug. \$2 00 D. D. Wyman. July, Aug. 75 Gold Dust. May, June 45 Ophir. July, Aug. 1 00 Soudan. July, Aug. 1 00
As a Collection, complete for \$4.50
BANDED or BICOLOR COLLECTION
Dauntless. July, Aug.\$2.00Linda. July, Aug.2 00Mikado. June, July1 00
As a Collection, complete for \$4.25
ORANGE COLLECTION Goldeni. June, July \$0 50 Multiflora. Aug., Oct. 2 00 Midas. July \$1 50 Summer Mult. Hyb. June, Aug. 1 00 Tangerine. May, June 75
\$5 75 As a Collection, complete for \$5.00
RED-TONED COLLECTION
Chengtu. July, Aug. \$1 50 Rajah. July, Aug. 2 00 Baronet. June 3 00
As a Collection, complete for \$5.75

FLUSHED or PATTERNED COLLECTION

Bagdad. July	00
Boutonniere. Aug	
Bijou. July, Aug	00
Serenade. June, July	
Fulva Maculata. July, Aug	75

As a Collection, complete for \$6.75

THREE-MONTH COLLECTION

This Collection includes varieties of various seasons which will produce continuous bloom, in overlapping sequence, for at least three months, from spring to fall. Saving 20 per cent.

Gold Dust. May, June\$0	45
Tangerine. May, June	75
Mikado. June, July 1	00
Summer Mult. Hyb. June, Aug 1	00
Fulva Maculata. July, Aug.	75
Cinnabar. July, Aug	00
Chengtu. July, Aug 1	
August Pioneer. Aug., Sept 1	

As a Collection, complete for \$6.85

COLLECTIONS FOR MASS PLANT-ING or NATURALIZING

The varieties will be separately packed but not named. The selection will be made from our Select List and will include a wide range of color and season and at least one \$1 to \$2 variety.

10	Daylilies	in	5	varieties	for	.\$3	85
20	Daylilies	in	5	varieties	for	. 5	50
	Daylilies						
	Daylilies						
	Daylilies						
100	Daylilies	in	10	varieties	for	.28	50

TREE PEONIES

Tree Peonies are Hardy. Farr customers from Canada and Maine report splendid results with Tree Peonies and no cases of winter-killing. There are many plants in this country which are more than fifty years old and which bear hundreds of blooms. They do not winter-kill in Canada. They will not winter-kill for you.

History and Sentiment. Tree Peonies are so named because they are hardwood shrubs like azaleas and lilacs. A more proper name might be Shrub Peonies, but Chinese written records term them Tree Peonies back to 536 A. D. when they were the exclusive property of the Emperor. Many American plants

are known to be at least 50 years old and bear hundreds of blooms.

Where to Plant. They prefer limed soil, good drainage, and sunlight; light afternoon shade will, however, protect blooms from the sun. They are used as background to perennial beds and rock-gardens, along the foundation of buildings or walls, in beds, or as specimens and accent plants by themselves, also in combination with tall late tulips, lilacs, early irises, Rosa hugonis, azaleas, spireas, etc.

How to Plant. Complete and simple instructions are supplied with order acknowledgments.

Akatsuki-no-yuki (Snow at Dawn).	Je
Large: single: light flesh, changing to	
snowy white	K
Athlete Large: double: brilliant rose-	
pink 5 00	L
pink	
pink 5 00	
pink 5 00 Banksi. Double; pink with darker	
shades pink with darker 4 00	L
	L
Beikoku (America). Large; semi-	
double; beautiful soft flesh-pink. Very	L
profuse on upright stems 5 00	_
profuse on upright stems 5 00 Bertrand H. Farr. Semi-double; vivid,	L
fiery orange-scarlet	
fiery orange-scarlet	M
outer petals pure white, center petals	
cream, tipped with green	M
Carolina d'Italie. Loosely built; large;	
double; beautiful flesh-pink 6 00	M
Coquette des Blanches. Large;	1
double: pure white	
double, but willter	O
Ecialieur. Single, light 1050 pint.	U
Gessekai (Lunar World). Best; rare	
and beautiful; pure white; 12 to 15	_
inches in diameter; crinkled petals.	O
Strong grower	
Hakubauriso (White Dragon). Large;	
semi-double: fragrant; pure winte,	P
central cushion of golden anthers 8 00	
Haku-raku-ten. Semi-double; pure	
white	
Hanakisoi (Contest of Flowers). Enor-	R
move: double: deep cherry: waved	
nious, double, deep energy, waves	
petais. Tan growth	R
Iro-no-seki. Semi-double, hesh- and	
petals. Tall growth	R
Iwato-Kagami. Loosely double; broad	I
petaled; clear salmon-pink 7 50	ı

eanne d'Arc. Double; imbricated; light salmon-pink. Kokuhow (Black Phoenix). Large; double; Iuminous, clear blackish red. 8 00 a Lorraine. (Lemoine, 1913.) Large; double; fragrant; pure sulphur-yellow; good substance. Strong growing and free blooming. . a Ville de St. Denis. Large; double; flesh, changing to white actea. Large; double; pure white. 10 00 vermilion-salmon. Tall; profuse. Ime. Stuart Low. Large; double; bright salmon-red Moutan. Single; purplish red. The wild Tree Peony of Thibet. Most vigorous and profuse.... Ohgonsome (Golden Hues). Large; double; pale yellow with lilac tints at base. Rare.... Osiris. Double; darkest velvety red. with central cushion of golden anthers. Profuse and erect.... Reine Elizabeth. Very large; double; bright rose-salmon. Vigorous, free, and most popular of the double pinks . 5 00 Robert Fortune. Very fine. Large;

Ruriban. Semidouble; dark purple. \$4 each. Shishi-no-tategami (Lion's Mane). Large; semi-double; light salmonpink. \$5 each. Shugyo-Kuden

Shugyo - Kuden
(Palace of Gems)
Large; double;
bright scarletcrimson without
blue or magenta.
One of the finest

Ubatama (Brilliant Black King). Very large; double; incurved satiny carmine petals shaded black. Distinct color among Tree Peonies. Outstanding . 20 00 Ukaregi-ohi (Golden Center). Large; semi-double; brilliant warm salmonrose with central cushion of golden anthers 5 00



Illustrating the charm and delicacy of Tree Peonies

UNNAMED TREE PEONIES

All plants are at least five years old, field-grown, and have bloomed for the past three or four years. Plants are guaranteed to bloom true to color but may be either single, semi-double, or double. Offer subject to with-drawal without notice.

 Lavender
 Each \$2 50

 Rose
 2 50

 Reddish Purple
 2 50

COLLECTION: 1 of each of above (value \$7.50) for \$7 complete. Singly at \$2.50 each.

TREE PEONY COLLECTION

1 plant each of BANKSI, IRO-NO-SEKI, MOUTAN (value \$12) for . **\$10**

FARR MURSERY COMPANY

Fall 1941 - - Spring 1942

Peonies, and Iree Peonies A List of the Choicest Daylilies,

vide similar "pictures" from May to Earlier and later varieties of Daylilies pro-This particular "picture" lasts for a month.

only because of Daylilies. August, as well as in May and June, but This garden is lively during July and

Can Do for the July Garden Here's What One Plant of a Daylily

(HEMEROCALLIS)

saililya



RETURN POSTAGE

return to us, please. POSTMASTER: If addressee has moved to another post office, hold matter, advising on Form 3547, new address and amount of forwarding postage needed. If no new address return to us please

HERBACEOUS PEONIES



PEONIES FOR THE WALK OR BORDER

A well-selected collection of Peonies produces magnificent, colorful, and fragrant bloom of perfect detail for more than a month. Individual blooms last two weeks if cut early and handled properly. A plant lasts a lifetime. Peonies will withstand abuse and neglect and will liberally reward average attention. Insect pests do not bother them.

Where to Plant. Plant in average soil, with good drainage and at least half-time sunlight, in beds or rows by themselves, here and there in perennial backgrounds or shrubbery foreground, along walls, walks, borders, etc. Acquire a collection as a hobby.

Section 562 P.L. & R.

When to Plant. In very early sprin fore sprouts appear; or from late August until the ground freezes.

Which to Plant. We have discarded more than 800 varieties from our collection. You can select preferred colors and types from this remaining list with 100 per cent assurance of satisfaction from any variety chosen.

How to Plant. Cultural instructions are supplied with order acknowledgments.

FARR QUALITY SPECIFICATIONS

Farr prices apply to 1-year plants, or equivalent strong 4- to 7-eye divisions. Clumps containing 3 to 4 divisions can be supplied at double the price of divisions.

A Peony plant can last for generations, which is ample reason for purchasing only the best varieties and top-quality roots which we specialize in producing and supplyingextra-large roots which are true to name, clean, healthy, and vigorous, guaranteed

KEY TO DESCRIPTIONS

Time of blooming indicated thus: E. Early; EM. Early Midseason; M. Midseason; L. Late. X. indicates pronounced degree of fragrance; 8.7, 9.7, etc., indicate grade of merit given by American Peony Society.

→ PRICES

Peonies not otherwise priced are \$1 each

WHITE

- 8.7 Albatre. L. X. White and red. 9.0 Baroness Schroeder. L. XX.
 - Fleshwhite.
- 9.3 Festiva Maxima. XX. Early.
- 8.7 James Kelway. M. X. Exquisite; tall. 9.8 Kelway's Glorious. M. XX. Magnifi-
- cent glistening white. \$1.50. 9.1 Lady Alexandra Duff. M. XX. Blushpink to white.
- Le Cygne. M. XX. Ivory-white. \$3.
- 9.3 Mrs. Edward Harding. LM. Large. \$2. 9.4 Tourangelle. M. X. White and salmon.

CREAM AND YELLOW

- 8.1 Duchesse de Nemours. E. Creamy.
- 8.8 Laura Dessert. EM. Canary-yellow. \$2. 8.6 Primevere. M. X. Cream and sulphur.

- 8.0 Enchantment. L. Deep flesh-pink. 8.6 La Lorraine. M. Creamy white, tinted
- pink. \$1.50.
- 8.5 Octavie Demay. E. XX. White and pink. 9.7 Solande. LM. Distinct creamy salmon.

LIGHT PINK

- 8.8 Grandiflora. X. Silver-pink. Best late.
- 8.8 Kelway's Queen. M. XX. Rose-pink. \$2. 9.0 Milton Hill. LM. Salmon-pink. \$1.50.
 Philomele. Pink and yellow. Favorite.
- 8.8 Phœbe Carey. L. Soft rose-pink. \$1.50. 8.7 Reine Hortense. M. XXX. Large; tall,
- superb and dependable.
 9.8 **Therese.** M. XX. Clear pink. Note rating.

DEEP PINK

- 8.6 Claire Dubois. L. Deep silvery rose-

- 7.6 Edulis Superba. E. XX. Early. 8.4 Lamartine. L. Dark pink. \$1.50. 9.1 Martha Bullock. L. XXX. Deep rose-
- 9.2 Mons. Jules Elie. X. Dark pink.
- 9.0 Sarah Bernhardt. L. XX. Apple-blossom-pink
- 8.5 **Standard Bearer.** E. Larger, taller Mons. Jules Elie. \$1.50.

9.3 Walter Faxon. M. Salmon-rose.

- RED 8.4 Felix Crousse. LM. Bright red.
- 8,2 François Rousseau. E. Velvet red.
- Mr. L. Van Leeuwen. E. Largest red.

9.2 Philippe Rivoire. M. XX. Crimson. \$2.

DEEP RED

- 8.5 Adolphe Rousseau. E. Rich.
- 8.8 Karl Rosenfield. EM. X. Vigorous. Bright crimson.
- Ions. Martin Cahuzac. M. Black-red. 8.4 Wm. F. Turner. E. Dark crimson. \$1.50.

Old-Fashioned EARLY PEONIES

Officinalis Rosea. Pink. Officinalis Rubra. Red.

Officinalis Tenuifolium fl.-pl. Fern-leaved double red. \$2.50.

INTRODUCTORY COLLECTION

Carefully selected to include a wide range of color and the best Peony values. The satisfaction to be derived from the varieties included will encourage anyone to try additional varieties. Special price and discounts accordingly.

Festiva Maxima. White. \$1. Enchantment. Flesh. \$1. Reine Hortense. Pink. \$1. Mons. Jules Elie. Dark pink. \$1. Felix Crousse. Light red. \$1. Adolphe Rousseau. Dark red. \$1.

Any 4 or more of these, less 15% All six (value \$6) \$4.50 complete

SINGLE AND JAPANESE

Single Peonies (S) resemble wild roses, having a collar of petals around a ball of fine golden stamens. Japanese Peonies (J) are similar, except that the stamens are larger and frequently vari-colored, forming a cushion with unusual and attractive combinations.

Peonies not otherwise priced are \$1 each

Albiflora. (S) Like a white water-lily. \$2. Ama-no-sode. (J) Pink; golden cushion. \$4. Cathedral. (J) Pink; red-tipped cushion. \$2. Cornelia. (J) White; yellow cushion. \$1.50. Dai-jo-kuhan. (S) Pink; golden stamens. Fu-ji-mine. (J) White; yellow cushion. \$1.50. Fusyama. (J) Pink; gold cushion. \$1.50. Fuyajo. (J) Mahogany-red; cushion garnet,

tipped chamois. \$2. Geraldine. (J) Pink; red cushion. \$1.50. Gypsy. (J) Bright red; cushion red, tipped

Isani Gidui. (J) Pure white; cushion buff-yellow, large. \$5. Jacqueline. (J) Glistening pure white;

cushion buff-yellow. \$2. Jupiter. (S) Early; vivid red. \$1.50.

La Fraicheur. (S) Rose-pink; golden stamens. \$1.50. L'Etincelante. (S) Silver-pink; gold stamens.

Major Loder. (S) Flesh-pink; gold stamens. Mikado. (J) Dark crimson; golden cushion. Nymphe. (S) Flesh; gold stamens. \$1.50. Ohirama. (J) Light rose; gold cushion. \$2. Tokio. (J) Clear pink; gold cushion. \$3. Yenchi-no-tsuki. (J) Blush-white; thick cushion of twisted, incurved cream stamens,

suffused pink. Distinct and attractive. \$4.

Japanese Peony